WSET Level 4 Systematic Approach to Tasting Wine®

APPEARANCE		
Intensity		pale – medium – deep
Colour	white	lemon – gold – amber – brown
	rosé	pink – pink-orange – orange
	red	purple – ruby – garnet – tawny

NOSE

light - medium(-) - medium - medium(+) - pronounced Intensity v

PALATE	
Sweetness	dry – off-dry – medium-dry – medium-sweet – sweet
Acidity	low – medium(-) – medium – medium(+) – high
	low – medium(-) – medium – medium(+) – high e.g. ripe, soft, smooth, unripe, green, coarse, stalky, chalky, fine-grained
Alcohol	low – medium – high
Body	light – medium(-) – medium – medium(+) – full
Flavour intensity	light – medium(-) – medium – medium(+) – pronounced
Flavour characteristics	e.g. primary, secondary, tertiary
Other observations	e.g. texture (e.g. oily, creamy, austere, luscious), pétillance (still wines only)
Finish	short – medium(-) – medium – medium(+) – long

CONCLUSIONS	
Quality assessment	poor – acceptable – good – very good – outstanding (an explanation supporting the assessment of a wine's quality will be required)
Bottle ageing	suitable for bottle ageing — not suitable for bottle ageing (an explanation supporting the assessment of a wine's suitability for bottle ageing will be required)

Notes to students:

For lines where the entries are separated by a hyphen – You must select one and only one of these options.

For lines starting with 'e.g.' where the entries are separated with commas - These are entries that you should consider when writing your tasting note. You may not need to comment on each entry for every wine.



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WSET Level 4 Wine-Lexicon:

supporting the WSET Level 4 Systematic Approach to Tasting Wine $\ensuremath{^\circ}$

DESCRIBING AROMA AND FLAVOUR			
Primary Aromas and Flavours The aromas and flavours of the grape and alcoholic fermentation			
Floral	blossom, elderflower, honeysuckle, jasmine, rose, violet		
Green fruit	apple, pear, gooseberry, grape		
Citrus fruit	grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange		
Stone fruit	peach, apricot, nectarine		
Tropical fruit	banana, lychee, mango, melon, passion fruit, pineapple		
Red fruit	redcurrant, cranberry, raspberry, strawberry, red cherry, red plum		
Black fruit	blackcurrant, blackberry, blueberry, black cherry, black plum		
Herbaceous	green bell pepper (capsicum), grass, tomato leaf, asparagus		
Herbal	eucalyptus, mint, fennel, dill, dried herbs (e.g. thyme, oregano)		
Spice	black/white pepper, liquorice, cinnamon		
Fruit ripeness	unripe fruit, ripe fruit, dried fruit, cooked fruit		

e.g. simple, wet stones, candy

Secondary Aromas and Flavours

	he aromas and flavours of post-fermentation winemaking	
	Yeast (lees, autolysis, flor)	biscuit/graham cracker, bread, toasted bread, pastry, brioche, bread dough, cheese, yogurt, acetaldehyde
	Malolactic conversion	butter, cream, cheese
	Oak	vanilla, cloves, coconut, cedar, charred wood, smoke, chocolate, coffee

	Tertiary Aromas and Flavours The aromas and flavours of maturation	
Red wine	dried fruit (e.g. prune, raisin, fig), cooked fruit (e.g. cooked plum, cooked cherry), leather, earth, mushroom, meat, tobacco, wet leaves, forest floor, caramel	
White wine	dried fruit (e.g. dried apricot, raisin) orange marmalade, petrol (gasoline), cinnamon, ginger, nutmeg, almond, hazelnut, honey, caramel	
Deliberately oxidised wines	almond, hazelnut, walnut, chocolate, coffee, caramel	

Note to students:

Other

The WSET Level 4 Wine-Lexicon is designed to be a prompt and a guide which you do not need to memorise. You can pass the tasting examination if you use the descriptors in the Wine-Lexicon but you do not need to limit yourself to these terms and the examiners will accept other descriptors so long as they are accurate.